

How is graphene produced by concentrated solar radiation?

The detailed mechanism for production of graphene by concentrated solar radiation may be attributed to a photochemical or photothermal processor both. As we know, before picking, fruit peels are exposed to sunlight every day while remain intact. Therefore, photochemical process is hardly participated in converting fruit peels into graphene.

Can direct solar capture be used for graphene synthesis?

Further scale-up of the optimized graphene growth area was achieved by flattening the insolation profile, leading to spatial uniformity up to 13 mm in radius. Direct solar capture for CVD synthesis enable a practical and sustainable option for synthesizing graphene films applicable for photonic and electronic applications.

What is concentrated-solar-induced graphene (CSIG)?

The product is named concentrated-solar-induced graphene (CSIG) based on the process employed to generate it. The resulting CSIG was characterized using a range of analytical techniques. The Raman spectrum of the CSIG displayed two distinct peaks corresponding to the D and G bands at  $\sim 1343$  and  $\sim 1568$   $\text{cm}^{-1}$ , respectively.

Can concentrating mirrors harness solar energy for graphene synthesis?

By utilizing concentrating mirrors to harness solar energy in a potential field test, a heating power of 2.5 kW would facilitate graphene synthesis, consuming less than 1 kWh of solar energy.

Can a high flux solar simulator improve graphene synthesis?

Here, we report the use of a high flux solar simulator (HFSS) that mimics the solar spectrum and a cold-wall CVD reactor to achieve graphene synthesis under variable conditions. Our process optimization utilizes a Bayesian-Gaussian surrogate model to navigate through various conditions and to optimize graphene quality.

Can a solar tracker-lens system produce graphene?

In the future, with the aid of a solar tracker-lens system, cost-free, pollution-free, and inexhaustible solar energy can be easily exploited for mass-producing graphene materials from wastes. Fresh bananas, cantaloupes, coconuts, and oranges were purchased from a local market.

The prototyped graphene-based solar cell improves by roughly 36 times the delivered power per weight, compared to ITO-based state-of-the-art devices. It also uses 1/200 the amount of material per unit area for the ...

We propose an updated design on concentrated thermionic emission solar cells, which demonstrates a high solar-to-electricity energy conversion efficiency larger than 10% under 600 suns, by...

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Photocatalysis, a promising semiconductor-based technology activated by free and eternal solar energy, has great potential for addressing environmental remediation and energy conversion challenges. Concentrated solar power (CSP) technologies, namely parabolic trough reflectors, solar power towers, parabolic dish reflectors and linear Fresnel reflectors, ...

To overcome these shortcomings, we develop a route for producing graphene by concentrated solar radiation using fruit peel wastes as carbon sources. The method uses both green energy (sunlight) and eco-friendly materials (fruit ...

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An innovative solar nano-concentrator is integrated with graphene metamaterial. The combined graphene with plasmonics enhances the graphene optical absorption. An extended and flat solar cell bandwidth up to 2400 nm wavelength is achieved. It has compact size suitable for integration with solar cells at reasonable cost.

In this work, a green, facile, and rapid method was developed to prepare graphene directly from common biomass materials such as banana peels, cantaloupe peels, coconut peels, and orange peels by using concentrated solar radiation. The basic principle of this method is photothermal conversion.

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